

# RADIOACTIVITY SURVEY DATA in Japan

Part 2 = Dietary Materials =

NUMBER 133 February 2002

National Institute of Radiological Sciences Chiba, Japan

## Radioactivity Survey Data in Japan Number 133

## September 2001 part 2 = Dietary Materials =

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	(,	Japan Chemical Analysis Center)	
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Editted by National Institute of Radiological Sciences, under the supervision of Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology of Japanese Government.

#### Environmental and Dietary Materials\*

(Japan Chemical Analysis Center)

#### 1. Collection and pretreatment of samples

#### (1) Rain and dry fallout

Rain and dry fallout was collected monthly on a sampling tray, approximately 5000cm<sup>2</sup> in area, which was filled with water to a depth of 1 cm at the beginning of every month.

Strontium and cesium carrier solutions were added after the sample was filtered. The tray was washed with  $5 \, \varrho$  of distilled water and the washing was combined to the filtrate.

The sample was passed through a cation exchange column (500m $_2$  of Dowex 50W X8, 50 $\sim$  100 mesh. Na form) at a rate flow of 80m $_2$ /min.

#### (2) Airborne dust

Airborne dust was collected by an electrostatic precipitator or a filter air sampler for every three-months at a rate of more than 3000m<sup>3</sup> per month.

The sampling was done 1 to 1.5 meters above the ground.

#### (3) Service water and freshwater

Service water,  $100 \, z$  each, was collected at the intake of the water-treatment plant and at the tap after water was left running for five minutes. Strontium and cesium carriers were added to the filtered water sample. The subsequent process was the same as that described in the section (1). Freshwater was treated in the same way as the service water.

#### (4) Soil

Soil was collected from the location in the spacious and flat area without past surface disturbance caused by dust storms, inflow and out flow due to precipitation, etc.. Any places located under trees in a forest, in a stony area or inside of river banks were avoided. Soil was taken from two layers of different depths, 0–5cm and 5–20cm. The soil lumps were crushed by hands and dried in a drying oven regulated 105°C. The soil was then passed through a 2mm sieve to remove plant roots and pebbles.

#### (5) Sea water

Sea water was collected at the fixed stations

where the effect of terrestrial fresh water from rivers was expected to be negligibly small. A special consideration was also given to weather conditions.

The sampling was carried out when there was no rainfall for the last few days. To prevent contamination, water samples were collected at the bow of a sampling boat just before she stood still by scooping surface water using a polyethylene bucket.

Immediately after the collection, the samples were acidified to a pH lower than 3 by adding concentrated hydrochloric acid in a ratio of  $1\,\mathrm{m_2}$  to  $1\,\mathrm{g}$  of sea water, and then stored in  $20\,\mathrm{g}$  polyethylene containers. The sampling equipments as well as containers were thoroughly rinsed with dilute hydrochloric acid and then with distilled water before use. Two hundred milliliters of sea water was also collected at the same stations for the determination of chlorinity.

#### (6) Sea sediments

Sediment was collected in the same area as that for the sea water sample, taking the following criteria into account:

- a. The depth of water exceeds 1m at low tide.
- b. No significant sedimental movement is observed in the vicinity of concern.
- c. Mud, silt and fine sand are preferable.

A conventional sediment sampling device was used for collecting the top few centimeters of surface sediment. Approximately 4 kg of the sample in wet weight was spread on a stainless steel dish after removed of the pebbles, shells and other foreign materials, and dried in a drying oven regulated at 105°C.

#### (7) Total diet

A full one day ordinary diet including three meals, water, tea and other in-between snacks for five persons was collected as a sample of "total diet".

The sample in a large stainless steel pan was carbonized carefully by direct application of gas flame, and was transferred to a porcelain dish and then ashed at 450°C in an electric muffle furnace.

#### (8) Rice

Polished rice was collected in producing districts at the harvest and in consuming areas when new crops were first put on sale. The sample was carbonized and ashed in a porcelain dish.

<sup>\*</sup> Samples were sent to the Center from 46 contracted prefectures.

#### (9) Milk

Raw milk was collected in producing districts and commercial milk was purchased in consuming districts. Milk in a stainless steel pan or a porcelain dish was evaporated to dryness followed by carbonization and ashing.

#### (10) Vegetables

Spinach and Japanese radish were selected as the representatives for left vegetables and for nonstarch roots, respectively. After removing soil, the edible part of vegetable sample was dried and carbonized in a stainless steel pan or a porcelain dish.

#### (11) Tea

Five hundred grams of manufactured green tea was collected, carbonized and ashed in a stainless steel pan or a porcelain dish.

#### (12) Fish, shellfish and seaweeds

#### a. Sea fish and freshwater fish

Fish was rinsed with water and blotted with a filter paper. Only the edible part was used in case of larger sized fish, and the whole part was used in case of smaller ones. Each sample was weighed and placed in a stainless steel pan or a porcelain dish. After carbonized, the sample was ashed in an electric muffle furnace.

#### b. Shellfish

Approximately 4kg of shellfish including the shells was collected or purchased. After removing the shells, it was treated in the same way as that for the sea fish.

#### c. Seaweeds

Edible seaweeds were collected and rinsed with water to remove sand and other adhering matters on the surface. These were removed of excess water, weighed dried and ashed.

Table 1 shows details of sample collection.

Table 1 Details of sample collection

Sample	Frequency of sampling	Quantity of sample
=Environmental materials=		
(1) Rain and dry fallout		
<ol> <li>For domestic program</li> </ol>	monthly	
<ol><li>For WHO program</li></ol>	monthly	
(2) Airborne dust	quarterly	>3000 m³/month
(3) Service water and freshwater		
<ol> <li>Service water (source water)</li> </ol>	semiyearly	100 Q
<ol><li>Service water (tap water)</li></ol>	semiyearly	100 Q
<ol><li>Freshwater</li></ol>	yearly (fishing season)	100 Q
(4) Soil		
1. 0∼ 5 cm	yearly	4 kg
2. 5∼ 20cm	yearly	4 kg
(5) Sea water	yearly	40 Q
(6) Sea sediments	yearly	4 kg
=Dietary materials=		
(7) Total diet	semiyearly	daily amount for 5 persons
(8) Rice		
<ol> <li>Producing districts</li> </ol>	yearly (harvesting season)	5 kg (polished rice)
2. Consuming districts	yearly (harvesting season)	5 kg (polished rice)
(9) Milk		
<ol> <li>Producing districts for WHO program</li> </ol>	quarterly (February, May, August and November)	3 Q
<ol><li>Producing districts for domestic program</li></ol>	semiyearly (February and August)	3 2

Sample	Frequency of sampling	Quantity of sample
3. Consuming districts	semiyearly (February and August)	3 Q
4. Powdered milk	semiyearly (April and October)	2∼ 3 kg
(10) Vegetables		3
Producing districts	yearly (harvesting season)	4 kg
2. Consuming districts	yearly (harvesting season)	4 kg
(11) Tea	yearly (the first harvesting season)	500g (manufactured tea)
(12) Fish, shellfish and seawee	eds	•
1. Sea fish	yearly (fishing season)	4 kg
2. Freshwater fish	yearly (fishing season)	4 kg
3. Shellfish	yearly (fishing season)	4 kg
4. Seaweeds	yearly (fishing season)	2∼ 3 kg

#### 2. Preparation of samples for analysis

#### (1) Rain, service water and freshwater

Strontium and cesium were eluted with hydrochloric acid from the cation exchange column. The residue of rain sample on the filter paper was ashed in an electric muffle furnace and the ash was dissolved in hydrochloric acid. The insoluble part was filtered and washed. The filtrate and the washings were combined to the previous eluate and used for radiochemical analysis.

#### (2) Soil and Sea sediment

Dried soil was crushed to smaller ones than 0.2 5mm in size by a crusher. The sieved sample was ashed in an electric muffle furnace regulated at 450 °C. The sample was then heated with hydrochloric acid, strontium and cesium carrier solutions and the mixture was heated. The insoluble constituent was filtered off and washed with water.

The dried sample was crushed to smaller ones than 0.25mm by a crushing machine. The further preparation of the sample was the same as that described in the section 2-(2).

#### (3) Rice

The ashed sample was pulverized with a porcelain mortar and passed through a 0.35mm sieve. The sieved sample to which both strontium and cesium carriers were added, was digested with nitric acid by heating. After the sample was heated again with nitric acid to dryness, strontium and cesium were extracted with hydrochloric acid and water. The insoluble constituent was filtered and washed. The filtrate and washings were combined for subsequent radiochemical analysis.

(4) Airborne dust, diet, milk, vegetables, fish and shellfish, seaweeds, tea and others These ashed samples were treated with the same procedure as that described in the section 2-(4).

#### 3. Separation of strontium-90 and cesium-137

#### (1) Strontium-90

Sample solutions, prepared as in the foregoing sections 2-(1) through 2-(4), were neutralized with sodium hydroxide. After sodium carbonate was added, the precipitate of strontium and calcium carbonates was separated. The supernatant solution was retained for cesium-137 determination.

The carbonates were dissolved in hydrochloric acid and strontium and calcium were precipitated as oxalates. The precipitate was dissolved in nitric acid and strontium was separated from calcium by successive fuming nitric acid separation. scavenge was made after addition of ferric iron carrier followed by barium chromate separation after addition of barium carrier to remove radium, its daughters and lead. Strontium was recovered as carbonate, and the precipitate was dried and weighed to determine strontium recovery. strontium carbonate was dissolved in hydrochloric acid and iron carrier was added. The solution was allowed to stand for two weeks for strontium-90 and yttrium-90 to attain equilibrium. Yttrium-90 was coprecipitated with ferric hydroxide and the precipitate was filtered off. washed and counted.

#### (2) Cesium-137

The supernatant separated from the strontium fraction was acidified with hydrochloric acid. While stirring, cesium was adsorbed on the ammonium molybdophosphate added.

After filtered off and washed with hydrochloric acid the precipitate was dissolved in 2.5N sodium hydroxide solution. The solution was adjusted to pH 8.2 with hydrochloric acid and allowed to cool.

Resultant molybdenum hydroxide which separated

out in the solution. was filtered off and washed with water. EDTA was added to the filtrate and washings. Cesium and rubidium were adsorbed on a cation exchange column and cesium was separated from rubidium by eluting with hydrochloric acid.

The eluate was evaporated to dryness and was dissolved. The solution was filtered. Chloroplatinic acid was added to precipitate cesium. The precipitate was filtered onto a tared paper using a demountable filter and washed with water and then ethanol. After drying, the chemical yield of cesium was determined by weighing the precipitate. Cesium-137 radioactivity was measured for this precipitate.

#### Determination of stable strontium, calcium and potassium

A weighed amount of soil or sea sediment was heated in a electric muffle furnace at 450°C and then treated with hydrochloric acid for extraction. A weighed aliquot of ashed samples of total diet, vegetables, milk, fish, shellfish or seaweeds was

digested with hydrofluoric acid and nitric acid. The extract was made up to an appropriate volume with dilute hydrochloric acid. The sample solution was analyzed for calcium by titration with standard potassium permanganate solution after separating calcium as oxalate. Atomic absorption spectroscopy was applied when appropriate. Stable strontium and potassium were determined by atomic absorption and flame emission spectrometry, respectively.

#### 5. Counting

After the radiochemical separation the mounted precipitates were counted for activity using low background beta counters normally for 60 to 90min. Net sample counting rates were corrected for counter efficiency, recovery, self-absorption and decay to obtain the content of strontium-90 and cesium-137per sample aliquot. From the results, concentrations of these nuclides in the original samples were calculated.

#### 6. Results

(1) Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Total Diet (form 0ct. 1999 to Mar. 2000 )

-continued from No. 131 for this publication-

Table (1) : Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Total Diet

Location	Ash	Ca	K		90Sr					137Cs					
	(g/p/d)	(mg/p/d)	(mg/p/d)	(	Bq/p	o/d)	(Bq/g Ca)	(E	3q/p	/d)	(Bo	ı/g	K)		
Oct, 1999															
Kochi, KOCHI	14. 2	426	1690	0. 019	±	0. 0076	$0.044 \pm 0.018$	0. 03	±	0. 0068	0. 018	±	0. 004		
Saga-machi, KOCHI	12. 1	363	1600	0. 031	±	0. 0087	$0.086 \pm 0.024$	0. 01	±	0. 0053	0. 0065	±	0. 0033		
Oita, OITA	12. 9	465	2000	0. 037	±	0. 008	$0.08 \pm 0.017$	0. 04	±	0. 0071	0. 02	±			
Saeki, OITA	13. 6	303	1190	0. 041	±	0.0084	$0.14 \pm 0.028$	0. 012	±	0. 0051	0. 011	±	0. 0043		
Nov, 1999															
lwaizumi-machi, IWATE	15. 4	501	2160	0. 073	±	0. 011	$0.15 \pm 0.023$	0. 069	±	0. 0083	0. 032	±	0. 0039		
Ishinomaki, MIYAGI	18. 9	1070	2150	0. 083	±	0. 012	$0.077 \pm 0.011$	0. 055	±	0. 0093	0. 026	±	0. 0043		
Onagawa-machi, MIYAGI	19. 2	1120	2150	0. 075	±	0.012	$0.067 \pm 0.01$	0. 04	±	0. 0086	0. 019	±	0. 004		
Yamagata, YAMAGATA	15. 6	500	1700	0. 083	±	0. 012	$0.17 \pm 0.024$	0.069	±	0. 0084	0. 041	±	0. 005		
Sagae, YAMAGATA	14. 3	669	1040	0. 044	±	0.0094	$0.066 \pm 0.014$	0. 022	±	0. 0058	0. 021	土	0.0056		
Fukushima, FUKUSHIMA	14. 1	404	1700	0. 054	±	0. 01	$0.13 \pm 0.025$	0. 042	±	0.0069	0. 025	±	0. 0041		
Okuma-machi, FUKUSHIMA	13. 8	664	1730	0. 062	±	0. 011	$0.094 \pm 0.016$	0. 098	±	0. 0097	0. 057	<u>±</u>	0.0056		
Utsunomiya, TOCHIGI	12. 4	382	1620	0. 051	±	0. 01	$0.13 \pm 0.027$	0. 022	±	0. 0058	0.014	±	0.0036		
minamikawachi-machi, TOCHI		548	2250	0. 068	±	0. 011	$0.12 \pm 0.021$	0. 045	±	0. 0074	0. 02	±	0.0033		
Urawa, SAITAMA	19. 1	695	2570	0.068	±	0. 01	$0.097 \pm 0.015$	0. 041	±	0. 0073	0.016	±	0. 0028		
Kumagaya, SAITAMA	13. 2	371	1790	0. 032	±	0. 0078	$0.087 \pm 0.021$	0. 0098	±	0.005	0.0055	±	0.0028		
Chiba, CHIBA	16. 4	643	2340	0. 054	±	0. 01	$0.084 \pm 0.016$	0. 02	±	0.0074	0. 0087	±	0.0032		
Chikura-machi, CHIBA	17. 8	684	2580	0. 049	±	0. 01	$0.072 \pm 0.015$	0. 022	±	0. 0076	0. 0087	±	0.003		
Toyama, TOYAMA	13. 5	341	2230	0. 026	±	0. 0099	$0.077 \pm 0.029$	0. 039	±	0.0065	0. 018	±	0.0029		
Shinminato, TOYAMA	11. 9	359	1780	0. 038	±	0. 012	0.11 ± 0.035	0. 028	±	0. 0059	0. 016	±	0.0033		
Nagano, NAGANO	17. 6	688	2040	0. 051	±	0. 0095	$0.074 \pm 0.014$	0. 022	±	0. 0055	0. 011	±	0. 0027		
Sanada-machi, NAGANO	15	634	1830	0. 036	±	0. 0083	$0.057 \pm 0.013$	0. 025	±	0. 0058	0.014	±	0. 0032		

Location	Ash	Ca	K			908	Sr				•	137Cs					
	(g/p/d)	(mg/p/d)	(mg/p/d)	(1	Bq/p	o/d)	(	Bq/g Ca)	(E	3q/p	/d)	(Во	q/g	K)			
Shizuoka, SHIZUOKA	14. 4	599	2020	0. 056	±	0. 013	0. 093	± 0.021	0. 045	±	0. 0068	0. 023	±	0. 0034			
Hamaoka-machi, SHIZUOKA	11. 3	368	1570	0. 026	±	0. 01	0. 072	± 0.028	0. 033	±	0.0065	0. 021	±	0. 0041			
Nagoya, AICHI	14. 3	492	1260	0. 046	±	0. 01	0. 094	± 0.02	0. 028	±	0.0064	0. 022	±	0. 0051			
Shinshiro, AICHI	12. 2	288	1480	0. 027	±	0.0081	0. 093	± 0.028	0. 031	±	0.0064	0. 021	±	0.0044			
Tsu, MIE	14. 5	472	1800	0. 044	±	0.0093	0. 093	± 0.02	0. 052	±	0.0076	0. 029	±	0. 0042			
Otsu, SHIGA	13. <b>4</b>	506	2050	0. 043	±	0.012	0. 086	± 0.024	0. 034	±	0.0066	0.017	±	0. 0032			
lmazu-machi, SHIGA	14. 9	755	1730	0. 061	±	0.012	0. 081	± 0.016	0. 026	±	0.006	0.015	±	0.0035			
Kashihara, NARA	12. 1	699	1630	0. 036	±	0.0085	0. 052	± 0.012	0. 036	±	0.0065	0. 022	±	0.004			
Gojo, NARA	15. 1	1150	1860	0. 067	±	0. 011	0. 058	± 0.0096	0. 013	±	0.0056	0.0068	±	0.003			
Wakayama, WAKAYA <b>M</b> A	14	393	1660	0. 028	±	0.0084	0.071	± 0.021	0. 019	±	0. 0051	0. 011	±	0.0031			
Shingu, WAKAYAMA	11.4	614	1430	0. 067	±	0. 011	0.11	± 0.017	0. 018	±	0. 0051	0. 013	±	0.0036			
Okayama, OKAYA <b>MA</b>	16. 9	847	2140	0. 042	±	0. 0091	0.049	± 0.011	0. 038	±	0.0065	0.018	±	0.0031			
Kamisaibara-mura,OKAYA	13. 6	394	1320	0. 045	±	0.0097	0. 12	± 0.025	0.063	±	0. 0079	0. 048	±	0.006			
Kamiita-machi, TOKUSHIMA	16. 3	424	2280	0. 038	±	0.0096	0. 089	± 0.023	0. 051	±	0.0073	0. 022	土	0.0032			
Matsuyama, EHIME	11. 1	573	1730	0. 031	±	0.0093	0. 053	± 0.016	0. 0025	±	0.0039	0.0014	±	0. 0022			
lkata-machi, EHIME	8. 9	295	898	0. 0037	±	0.0068	0. 012	± 0.023	0.0094	±	0.0044	0. 01	±	0.0049			
Dazaifu, FUKUOKA	12. 1	469	1800	0. 051	±	0.0094	0. 11	± 0.02	0. 02	±	0. 0051	0.011	±	0. 0028			
Fukuoka, FUKUOKA	13. 9	400	1430	0. 018	±	0. 0072	0. 045	± 0.018	0. 016	±	0. 0048	0. 011	±	0.0033			
Saga, SAGA	13. 5	435	1740	0. 029	±	0.0076	0.068	± 0.018	0.012	±	0. 0047	0. 0067	±	0. 0027			
Karatsu, SAGA	14. 9	565	2070	0. 028	±	0. 0078	0. 05	± 0.014	0. 021	±	0. 0055	0.0099	±	0.0026			
Nagasaki, NAGASAKI	16. 5	588	2040	0. 028	±	0.0084	0.048	± 0.014	0. 019	±	0. 0051	0.0094	±	0. 0025			
Matsuura, NAGASAK!	9. 9	424	1450	0. 04	±	0. 0092	0. 095	± 0.022	0. 01	±	0. 0051	0.0072	±	0. 0035			
Sendai, KAGOSHIMA	15. 5	355	1760	0. 044	±	0.0099	0. 12	± 0.028	0. 014	±	0. 0053	0. 0081	±	0. 003			
Okuchi, KAGOSHIMA	17. 3	835	1940	0. 059	±	0. 01	0. 071	± 0.013	0. 033	±	0. 0066	0. 017	±	0.0034			
ec, 1999																	
Sapporo, HOKKAIDO	14. 5	608	2120	0. 037	±	0. 0088	0.061	± 0.014	0.064	±	0. 008	0. 03	±	0.0038			
lwanai-machi, HOKKAIDO	13. 7	447	1930	0. 06	<b>±</b>	0. 0099	0. 13	± 0.022	0. 033	±	0. 0067	0. 017	±	0.0034			
Aomori, AOMORI	22. 1	776	2410	0. 057	±	0. 011	0. 073	± 0.014	0. 047	±	0. 0087	0.019	±	0.0036			

Location	Ash	Ca	K			908	Sr .					137Cs		
	(g/p/d)	(mg/p/d)	(mg/p/d)	(	(Bq/p	/d)	(	Bq/g Ca)	(1	Bq/p	o/d)	(B	q/g	K)
Ajigasawa-machi, AOMORI	15. 2	507	1560	0. 044	±	0. 0094	0. 087	± 0.019	0. 025	±	0. 0076	0. 016	±	0. 0049
Morioka, IWATE	15. 7	374	2000	0. 046	土	0. 012	0. 12	± 0.031	0. 036	±	0.0064	0.018	±	0.0032
Akita, AKITA	13. 6	400	1810	0. 04	土	0. 0091	0. 099	± 0.023	0. 044	±	0.0068	0. 024	±	0.0038
Yokote, AKITA	16.6	564	2070	0. 05	±	0.009	0. 088	± 0.016	0. 059	±	0.0075	0. 029	土	0.0036
Mito, IBARAKI	20	905	2670	0. 097	土	0. 011	0. 11	± 0.013	0.04	±	0.0065	0. 015	±	0.0024
Tokai-mura, IBARAKI	19. 5	600	2180	0.064	±	0.0099	0. 11	± 0.016	0. 021	±	0. 0051	0.0096	±	0. 0024
Maebashi, GUNMA	19. 4	720	2460	0. 067	±	0. 011	0.094	± 0.016	0. 078	<u>±</u>	0.0088	0. 032	±	0.0036
Nakanojo-machi, GUNMA	17. 4	555	2420	0. 1	±	0. 013	0. 18	± 0.024	0. 04	土	0.007	0. 017	±	0. 0029
Shinjuku, TOKYO	10. 9	443	1540	0. 044	土	0. 01	0. 098	± 0.023	0. 031	±	0. 0076	0. 02	±	0. 0049
Hachijo-machi, TOKYO	17. 9	742	1960	0. 061	±	0. 011	0. 082	± 0.014	0. 036	±	0.0063	0. 018	±	0. 0032
Yokohama, KANAGAWA	12.8	551	1480	0. 043	±	0.0084	0.079	± 0.015	0. 026	±	0. 0053	0. 017	±	0.0036
Hiratsuka, KANAGAWA	13. 9	474	2030	0. 052	±	0.0093	0. 11	± 0.02	0. 023	±	0. 0052	0. 011	<b>±</b>	0. 0026
Nishikawa-machi, NIIGATA	24. 8	808	2930	0. 073	±	0. 011	0. 09	± 0.013	0.068	±	0.0082	0. 023	±	0. 0028
Kashiwazaki, NI IGATA	22. 2	928	2110	0. 091	±	0. 011	0.098	± 0.012	0. 045	±	0.0068	0. 021	±	0. 0032
Kanazawa, ISHIKAWA	15. 3	525	1570	0. 036	±	0.0079	0.069	± 0.015	0.042	±	0. 007	0. 026	±	0.0044
Torigoe-mura, ISHIKAWA	18. 5	816	2370	0. 048	±	0.0091	0. 059	± 0.011	0. 058	±	0. 0083	0. 025	±	0. 0035
Fukui, FUKUI	18. 7	1180	2160	0. 09	±	0. 012	0. 077	± 0.01	0. 038	±	0.0065	0. 017	±	
Tsuruga, FUKU I	21. 2	1140	2290	0. 067	±	0.012	0. 058	± 0.011	0. 044	±	0. 007	0. 019	±	0. 0031
Kofu, YAMANASHI	14. 9	387	1940	0. 028	±	0. 0077	0. 073	± 0.02	0.013	±	0.0049	0. 0065	±	0. 0025
fuziyosida-shi, YAMANASHI	15. 6	639	1990	0. 05	±	0.0093	0. 078	± 0.015	0. 029	±	0.0061	0. 015	±	0.0031
Gifu, GIFU	13. 3	522	1730	0. 079	±	0. 011	0. 15	± 0.022	0. 038	±	0. 0068	0. 022	±	0. 004
Takayama, GIFU	9. 1	232	1110	0. 029	±	0.0092	0. 12	± 0.04	0. 017	±	0. 0054	0.016	±	0. 0048
Owase, MIE	14. 3	359	1480	0. 061	±	0. 011	0. 17	± 0.031	0. 019	±	0. 0061	0. 013	±	0.0042
Kyoto, KYOTO	14. 6	591	1780	0. 023	±	0. 0081	0. 04	± 0.014	0. 0083	±	0. 0045	0. 0046	±	0. 0025
Maizuru, KYOTO	12	567	1940	0. 058	±	0. 01	0. 1	± 0.018	0. 013	±	0. 0052	0. 0066	±	0. 0027
Osaka, OSAKA	16. 5	628	2080	0. 043	±	0. 0095	0.069	± 0.015	0. 031	±	0. 0062	0.015	±	0. 003
Izumiotsu, OSAKA	13. 3	447	1630	0. 049	±	0. 01	0. 11	± 0.023	0. 033	±	0. 0062	0. 02	±	0.0038
Kakogawa, HY0G0	12. 2	536	1440	0. 045	±	0.0093	0. 083	± 0.017	0. 022	±	0. 0057	0. 015	±	0. 0039

Location	Ash	Ca	K	90Sr				137Cs					
	(g/p/d) $(mg/p/d)$		(mg/p/d)	(1	Bq/p	o/d)	(Bq/g Ca)	(E	3q/p	/d)	(Bo	1/g	<b>K</b> )
Hamasaka-machi, HYOGO	13. 2	602	1090	0. 056	±	0. 01	$0.094 \pm 0.017$	0. 013	<b>±</b>	0. 005	0.012	±	0. 0045
Matsue, SHIMANE	18.8	906	2460	0. 073	±	0. 013	$0.081 \pm 0.015$	0. 031	±	0.0065	0. 012	±	0. 0026
Kashima-machi, SHIMANE	16. 4	891	2660	0. 062	±	0. 012	$0.07 \pm 0.013$	0. 04	±	0. 0075	0. 015	±	0. 0028
Hiroshima, HIROSHIMA	10. 9	453	1630	0. 037	±	0. 0088	$0.083 \pm 0.019$	0. 032	±	0.0065	0. 02	±	0. 004
Miyoshi, HIROSHIMA	9	286	1130	0. 028	<u>+</u>	0. 0078	$0.097 \pm 0.027$	0.011	±	0. 0045	0.0095	±	0. 004
Yamaguchi, YAMAGUCHI	12. 4	388	1560	0. 039	±	0. 0088	$0.1 \pm 0.023$	0. 047	±	0. 0071	0. 03	±	0. 0045
Mine, YAMAGUCHI	14. 4	494	1900	0. 042	±	0.0092	$0.085 \pm 0.019$	0. 038	±	0.0068	0. 02	±	0.0036
Tokushima, TOKUSHIMA	15. 1	571	1830	0. 068	±	0. 011	0. 12 ± 0. 02	0. 028	±	0. 0059	0. 015	±	0. 0032
Takamatsu, KAGAWA	14. 2	438	1610	0. 061	±	0. 01	$0.14 \pm 0.024$	0. 0075	±	0. 0041	0.0046	<u>+</u>	0. 0025
Marugame, KAGAWA	13. 6	411	1810	0. 029	±	0.0083	$0.07 \pm 0.02$	0. 017	±	0. 0049	0.0094	±	0. 0027
Kumamoto, KUMAMOTO	14. 2	583	2120	0. 035	±	0.0094	$0.06 \pm 0.016$	0. 034	±	0. 0062	0.016	±	0. 0029
Tomiai-machi, KUMAMOTO	16. 3	603	1930	0. 041	±	0.0097	$0.068 \pm 0.016$	0. 013	±	0. 0047	0.0069	±	0. 0025
Miyazaki, MIYAZAKI	12. 3	424	1710	0. 049	±	0.0097	$0.11 \pm 0.023$	0. 037	±	0. 0062	0. 022	±	0. 0036
Takachiho-machi, MIYAZAKI	18. 4	833	2440	0. 063	±	0.011	$0.076 \pm 0.013$	0. 047	±	0. 007	0. 019	±	0. 0029
Feb, 2000													
Naha, OKINAWA	16. 4	704	2170	0. 033	±	0. 0096	$0.047 \pm 0.014$	0. 033	±	0. 006	0. 015	±	0. 0028
Itoman, OKINAWA	16. 4	422	2230	0. 035	<b>±</b>	0. 01	$0.083 \pm 0.024$	0. 049	±	0. 0069	0. 022	±	0. 0031

#### (2)-1 Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Rice(producing districts) (form Oct. 1999 to Mar. 2000 )

Table (2)-1 : Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Rice (producing districts)

Location	Component			90Sr		137Cs					
	(%)	(g/kgwet)	(g/kgwet)	(Bq/kgwet)	(Bq/gCa)	(Bq/kgwet)	(Bq/gK)				
Oct, 1999		*									
Mito, IBARAKI	0. 53	0. 039	0. 822	$0.018 \pm 0.0075 0.4$	5 ± 0.19	$0.048 \pm 0.0073$	$0.058 \pm 0.0089$				
Maki-machi, NIIGATA	0. 529	0. 028	0. 667	$0.0086 \pm 0.0066 0.3$	1 ± 0.24	$0.0026 \pm 0.0043$	$0.0038 \pm 0.0064$				
Uchinada-machi, ISHIKAWA	0. 455	0. 03	0. 723	$0.015 \pm 0.0062 0.49$	9 ± 0.21	$0.0057 \pm 0.0036$	$0.0079 \pm 0.005$				
Shiga-machi, SHIGA	0. 622	0. 05	1. 09	0.006 ± 0.0065 0.1	2 ± 0.13	$0.021 \pm 0.0056$	$0.02 \pm 0.0051$				
Kashihara, NARA	0.606	0. 038	0. 909	$0 \pm 0.0048 0$	± 0.13	$0 \pm 0.004$	$0 \pm 0.0044$				
Yamaguchi, YAMAGUCHI	0. 537	0. 045	0. 768	$0.0021 \pm 0.0063 \ 0.09$	5 ± 0.14	0.014 ± 0.0052	0.019 ± 0.0068				
Miki-machi, KAGAWA	0. 476	0. 025	0.8	$0.0042 \pm 0.0056 0.1$	7 ± 0.22	0 ± 0.0033	$0 \pm 0.0042$				
Koshi-machi, KUMAMOTO	0. 655	0. 029	0. 989	$0 \pm 0.0049 0$	± 0.17	$0 \pm 0.0035$	0 ± 0.0035				
Usa, OITA	0. 57	0. 03	0. 775	$0.0095 \pm 0.0065 0.3$	1 ± 0.21	$0 \pm 0.034$	$0 \pm 0.0043$				
Nov, 1999											
Ishikari-machi, HOKKAIDO	0. 653	0. 03	0. 836	$0.015 \pm 0.0069 0.49$	9 ± 0.23	$0 \pm 0.0032$	$0 \pm 0.0038$				
Takizawa-mura, IWATE	0. 661	0. 037	0. 859	$0 \pm 0.0047 0$	± 0.13	$0.077 \pm 0.0085$	$0.09 \pm 0.0099$				
lshinomaki, MIYAGI	0. 647	0. 046	0. 971	$0.017 \pm 0.0085 0.36$	6 ± 0.18	$0.0044 \pm 0.0044$	$0.0045 \pm 0.0045$				
Fukushima, FUKUSHI <b>MA</b>	0. 67	0. 039	1. 07	$0.0022 \pm 0.0062 0.09$	$5 \pm 0.16$	$0.034 \pm 0.0062$	$0.032 \pm 0.0058$				
Maebashi, GUNMA	0. 547	0. 038	0. 684	$0.0066 \pm 0.0047 0.1$	7 ± 0.12	$0.0046 \pm 0.0054$	$0.0067 \pm 0.0079$				
Kosugi-machi, TOYAMA	0. 461	0. 034	0. 821	$0.003 \pm 0.0041 0.09$	9 ± 0.12	$0.0099 \pm 0.0057$	$0.012 \pm 0.007$				
Toyosina-machi, NAGANO	0. 394	0. 034	0. 816	$0.0007 \pm 0.0053 0.09$	$2 \pm 0.16$	0 ± 0.0056	$0 \pm 0.0069$				
Dec, 1999											
Utsunomiya, TOCHIGI	0. 552	0. 036	0. 624	$0.0019 \pm 0.005 0.09$		$0.018 \pm 0.0052$	$0.029 \pm 0.0083$				
Takane-machi, YAMANASHI	0. 641	0. 034	0. 955	$0.0066 \pm 0.0071 0.19$		$0.0039 \pm 0.0044$	$0.0041 \pm 0.0047$				
Kasai, HYOGO	0. 601	0. 045	0. 769	$0.011 \pm 0.0068 \ 0.29$	$5 \pm 0.15$	$0 \pm 0.0035$	$0 \pm 0.0045$				
Chikushino, FUKUOKA	0. 523	0. 037	0. 769	0.0017 ± 0.0046 0.00	5 ± 0.12	0.054 ± 0.0083	0.071 ± 0.011				

Location		Component	·····	90\$r		1370s					
	(%)	(g/kgwet)	(g/kgwet)	(Bq/kgwet)	(Bq/gCa)	(Bq/kgwet)	(Bq/gK)				
Jan, 2000 Ishii-machi, TOKUSHIMA	0. 452	0. 04	0. 819	0.0006 ± 0.0047 0	.01 ± 0.12	0 ± 0.0055	0 ± 0.0068				
Mar, 2000 Kanzaki-machi, SAGA	0. 52	0. 033	0. 915	0 ± 0.0036 0	± 0.11	0.0069 ± 0.0057	0.0076 ± 0.0062				

## (2)-2 Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Rice(consuming districts) (form Oct. 1999 to Mar. 2000 )

Table (2)-2 : Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Rice(consuming districts)

Location	Component				90Sr		137Cs					
	(%)	(g/kgwet)	(g/kgwet)	(Bq/kgwet	t)	(Bq/gCa)	(Bq/kį	gwet)	(Bq/	gK)		
Oct, 1999												
Akita, AKITA	0. 417	0. 037	0. 663	$0.013 \pm 0$	). 0075 0.	$34 \pm 0.2$	0.036 ±	0.0065	0. 054	±	0.0098	
Shinjuku, TOKYO	0. 456	0. 036	0. 848	$0 \pm 0$	0.0046 0	± 0.13	0.019 ±	0.0069	0. 022	±	0. 0082	
Niigata, NIIGATA	0. 583	0. 037	0. 6	0.0031 ± 0	0. 0057 0.	08 ± 0.15	0. 01 ±	0. 0047	0. 017	±	0. 0078	
Fukui, FUKUI	0. 503	0. 046	0. 855	$0.0097 \pm 0$	0. 0063 0.	$21 \pm 0.14$	0.0024 ±	0.0036	0. 0028	±	0. 0042	
Kyoto, KYOTO	0. 459	0. 034	0. 734	$0.0006 \pm 0$	0. 0048 0.	$02 \pm 0.14$	0. 01 ±	0.0065	0.014	±	0.0089	
Hiroshima, HIROSHIMA	0. 49	0. 043	0. 632	0.0094 ± 0	0. 0064 0.	22 ± 0.15	0.0099 ±	0.0045	0.016	<u>±</u>	0.0071	
Matsuyama, EHIME	0. 48	0. 04	0. 581	$0 \pm 0$	0.0055 0	± 0.14	0.0034 ±	0.0039	0.0059	±	0.0068	
Nov, 1999												
Sapporo, HOKKAIDO	0.616	0. 036	0. 949	0.011 ± 0	0. 0072 0.	$3 \pm 0.2$	0.0035 ±	0.0042	0. 0037	±	0.0044	
Yamagata, YAMAGATA	0. 522	0. 041	0. 736	$0.015 \pm 0$	0. 0065 0.	$38 \pm 0.16$	0.0094 ±	0.0049	0. 013	±	0.0067	
Urawa, SAITAMA	0. 53	0. 039	0. 79	$0.0049 \pm 0$	0.0064 0.	$13 \pm 0.16$	0.049 ±	0.0073	0.062	±	0.0092	
Yokohama, KANAGAWA	0. 429	0. 036	0. 665	$0.0036 \pm 0$	0.0064 0.	1 ± 0.18	0.0076 ±	0.0043	0.011	±	0.0064	
Shizuoka, SHIZUOKA	0. 435	0. 037	0. 757	$0.0085 \pm 0$	0. 0053 0.	23 ± 0.14	0.0054 ±	0.0055	0.0072	±	0.0073	
Osaka, OSAKA	0. 478	0. 061	0. 707	0.011 ± 0	0. 0055 0.	18 ± 0.09	0 ±	0.0037	0	±	0.0052	
Kobe, HY0G0	0. 518	0. 033	0. 767	0 ± 0	0.0055 0	± 0.17	0.0038 ±	0.0043	0.0049	±	0.0056	
Kagoshima, KAGOSHIMA	0. 484	0. 038	0. 731	0 ± 0	0.0073 0	± 0.19	0.18 ±	0. 012	0. 25	±	0.017	
Yonagusuku-machi, OKINAWA	0. 444	0. 039	0. 835	$0 \pm 0$	0. 005 0	± 0.13	0. 028 ±	0. 0055	0. 034	±	0. 0066	
Dec, 1999												
Nagoya, AICHI	0. 502	0. 044	0. 728	$0.0052 \pm 0$	0. 005 0.	12 ± 0.11	0 ±	0.0038	0	±	0.0052	
Tottori, TOTTORI	0. 42	0. 033	0. 752	0.0016 ± 0	0. 0045 0.	05 ± 0.14	0.016 ±	0.0061	0. 022	±	0.0081	
Matsue, SHIMANE	0. 431	0. 039	0. 746	0.01 ± 0	0. 0051 0.	27 ± 0.13	0.063 ±	0. 0075	0. 085	±	0. 01	
Seto-machi, OKAYAMA	0. 434	0. 038	0. 812	0.0056 ± 0	0. 0054 0.	15 ± 0.14	0 ±	0. 0035	0	±	0. 0043	

Location	Component			90Sr					137Cs					
	(%)	(g/kgwet)	(g/kgwet)	(Bq,	/kgv	vet)		(Bq/gCa)	(Bq/	kgı	wet)	(Bq/	′gK)	
Kasuga, FUKUOKA Jan, 2000	0. 434	0. 035	0. 842	0	±	0. 0041	0	± 0.12	0. 0019	±	0. 0054	0. 0022	±	0. 0064
Hirosaki, AOMORI	0. 377	0. 038	0. 795	0	<b>±</b>	0.005	0	± 0.13	0. 0056	±	0. 0065	0. 007	±	0. 0082
Kochi, KOCHI	0. 482	0. 039	0. 766	0. 01	±	0.0051	0. 26	± 0.13	0. 05	±	0.0082	0.066	<b>±</b>	0. 011
Nagasaki, NAGASAKI	0. 489	0. 038	0. 611	0. 0093	<u>+</u>	0. 0052	0. 25	± 0.14	0. 0089	±	0.0059	0.014	±	0.0097

(3)-1 Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Milk(producing districts for domestic proguram) (form Oct. 1999 to Mar. 2000 )

Table (3)-1 : Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Milk(producing districts for domestic proguram)

Location		Component			90	Sr	e and a ser, organizações en accessibilitat de la c	137Cs					
	Ash (%)	Ca (g/kg)	K(g/kg)	(B	q/kgwet)	(Bq,	/g Ca)	(Bq/	kgwet)	(Bq/g	K)		
Oct, 1999													
Kamiita-machi, TOKUSHIMA	0. 75	1. 21	1. 54	0. 017	± 0.0077	0. 014	± 0.0064	0. 0036	± 0.0058	0. 0023	± 0.0037		
Nov, 1999													
Fujimi-mura, <b>GUNMA</b>	0. 74	1. 21	1. 5	0. 028	± 0.0075	0. 023	± 0.0062	0.012	± 0.0045	0.008	± 0.003		
Yamato-machi, SAGA	0. 75	1.09	1. 53	0. 021	± 0.0062	0. 019	± 0.0057	0. 0032	± 0.0032	0. 0021	± 0.0021		
Feb, 2000													
Aomori, AOMORI	0. 73	1. 12	1. 57	0. 039	± 0.0094	0. 035	± 0.0084	0. 04	± 0.0085	0. 026	± 0.0054		
Takizawa-mura, IWATE	0. 73	1. 16	1. 51	0. 041	± 0.0086	0. 035	± 0.0074	0. 059	± 0.0095	0. 039	± 0.0063		
Mito, IBARAKI	0. 74	1. 16	1. 37	0. 0014	± 0.0067	0. 0012	± 0.0058	0. 014	± 0.0047	0. 01	± 0.0035		
Nishinasuno-machi, TOCHIG	il 0. 76	1. 2	1. 69	0. 023	± 0.0068	0.019	± 0.0056	0. 032	± 0.0077	0.019	± 0.0046		
Fujimi-mura, GUNMA	0. 73	1. 09	1. <b>4</b> 8	0. 038	± 0.0085	0. 035	± 0.0078	0.016	± 0.0049	0. 011	± 0.0033		
Yachimata, CHIBA	0. 75	1. 11	1. 58	0. 036	± 0.0078	0. 032	± 0.007	0. 01	± 0.0062	0. 0065	± 0.0039		
Tonami, TOYAMA	0. 73	1.08	1. 46	0. 027	± 0.0072	0. 025	± 0.0067	0. 031	± 0.0062	0. 022	± 0.0042		
Oshimizu-machi, ISH1KAWA	0.74	1. 23	1. 43	0. 026	± 0.0074	0. 021	± 0.006	0.014	± 0.0048	0. 0095	± 0.0033		
Kasamatsu-machi, GIFU	0. 64	0. 99	1. 15	0. 03	± 0.0076	0. 03	± 0.0076	0.0033	± 0.0037	0. 0029	± 0.0032		
Ouchiyama-mura, MIE	0. 74	1. 13	1.44	0. 035	± 0.0081	0. 031	± 0.0072	0.0016	± 0.0033	0. 0011	± 0.0023		
Hino-machi, SHIGA	0. 75	1. 16	1.5	0.024	± 0.0068	0. 02	± 0.0058	0. 01	± 0.004	0. 0068	± 0.0026		
Mihara-machi, HYOGO	0. 73	1. 13	1. 44	0.0043	± 0.007	0. 0038	± 0.0061	0.0079	± 0.0044	0. 0055	± 0.0031		
Ouda-machi, NARA	0. 74	1. 56	1. 98	0. 012	± 0.0068	0.008	± 0.0043	0	± 0.0051	0	± 0.0026		
Kamiita-machi, TOKUSHIMA	0. 72	1.4	1. 41	0. 011	± 0.0067	0. 008	± 0.0048	0.019	± 0.0066	0.013	± 0.0046		
Takase-machi, KAGAWA	0. 72	1. 12	1. 48	0. 028	± 0.0079	0. 025	± 0.0071	0. 015	± 0.0064	0.0099	± 0.0044		
kawauchi-machi, EHIME	0. 7	1. 15	1. 38	0. 019	± 0.0075	0. 017	± 0.0065	0. 0055	± 0.0055	0. 0039	± 0.0039		

Location		Component			90	Sr			1;	37Cs	<del></del>
	Ash (%)	Ca (g/kg)	K(g/kg)	(E	Bq/kgwet)	(Bo	q/g Ca)	(Bq/	kgwet)	(Bq/g	K)
Koshi-machi, KUMAMOTO	0. 73	1. 13	1. 57	0. 034	± 0.01	0. 03	± 0.0089	0. 0083	± 0.0066	0. 0053	± 0.0042
Kuju-machi, OITA	0. 75	1. 11	1.6	0. 02	± 0.0069	0.018	± 0.0062	0. 026	± 0.0068	0. 016	± 0.0042
Takahara-machi, MIYAZAKI	0. 72	1. 12	1. 51	0. 03	± 0.0078	0. 027	± 0.0069	0. 033	± 0.006	0. 022	± 0.004
Mar, 2000											
Takane-machi, YAMANASHI	0. 73	1. 14	1. 46	0. 029	± 0.0077	0. 026	± 0.0068	0. 011	± 0.005	0. 0072	± 0.0035

# (3)-2 Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Milk(producing districts for WHO proguram) (form Oct. 1999 to Mar. 2000 )

Table (3)-2 : Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Milk(producing districts for WHO proguram)

Location		Component			90	Sr			1;	37Cs	
	<b>A</b> sh (%)	Ca (g/kg)	K(g/kg)	(1	Bq/kgwet)	(Bo	q/g Ca)	(Bq/	kgwet)	(Bq/g	<b>(K)</b>
Nov, 1999											
Hokudainojo, HOKKAIDO	0. 72	1. 21	1. 5	0.043	± 0.0096	0. 035	± 0.0079	0. 028	± 0.0061	0.018	± 0.0041
Hachijo-machi, TOKYO	0. 74	1.09	1. 43	0. 04	± 0.008	0. 036	± 0.0074	0. 014	± 0.0067	0.0099	± 0.0047
lwamuro-mura, NIIGATA	0. 77	1. 15	1. 5	0. 022	± 0.0072	0.019	± 0.0063	0. 016	± 0.0061	0. 011	± 0.0041
Katsuyama, FUKU I	0. 75	1. 14	1. 59	0.016	± 0.0063	0.014	± 0.0055	0. 016	± 0.0052	0. 01	± 0.0032
Shijonawate, OSAKA	0. 73	1. 16	1. 29	0. 02	± 0.0076	0. 017	± 0.0065	0. 012	± 0.006	0.009	± 0.0047
Matsue, SHIMANE	0. 73	1. 17	1. 41	0. 023	± 0.0072	0. 02	± 0.0062	0.009	± 0.0051	0.0064	± 0.0036
Chiyoda-machi, HIROSHIMA	0. 72	1. 14	1. 52	0. 017	± 0.007	0. 015	± 0.0061	0. 017	± 0.0056	0. 011	± 0.0037
Kochi, KOCHI	0. 73	1. 15	1. 62	0. 022	± 0.0081	0.019	± 0.007	0. 0062	± 0.0046	0.0038	± 0.0028
Yasu-machi, FUKUOKA	0. 73	1. 14	1. 51	0.019	± 0.0073	0.016	± 0.0064	0.011	± 0.0045	0. 0075	± 0.003
Kajiki-machi, KAGOSHIMA Jan, 2000	0. 75	1. 16	1. 59	0. 032	± 0.0077	0. 028	± 0.0066	0. 017	± 0.0053	0. 011	± 0.0033
Shijonawate, OSAKA Feb, 2000	0. 72	1.11	1. 35	0. 043	± 0.009	0. 038	± 0.0081	0. 0096	± 0.0062	0. 0071	± 0.0046
Hokudainojo, HOKKAIDO	0. 71	1. 17	1. 44	0. 039	± 0.0088	0. 033	± 0.0075	0. 04	± 0.0066	0. 028	± 0.0046
Hachijo-machi, TOKYO	0. 75	1. 19	1. 36	0. 041	± 0.0081	0. 034	± 0.0068	0. 0034	± 0.0058	0. 0025	± 0.0043
lwamuro-mura, Ni IGATA	0. 76	1. 17	1. 39	0. 02	± 0.0075	0. 017	± 0.0064	0. 0059	± 0.0047	0. 0042	± 0.0034
Katsuyama, FUKU l	0. 72	1. 13	1. 43	0. 013	± 0.0063	0. 012	± 0.0056	0. 015	± 0.0051	0. 011	± 0.0035
Matsue, SHIMANE	0. 76	1. 18	1. 46	0. 035	± 0.0082	0. 03	± 0.007	0. 0071	± 0.0038	0. 0048	± 0.0026
Chiyoda-machi, HIROSHIMA	0. 71	1. 11	1. 49	0. 019	± 0.0068	0. 017	± 0.0061	0	± 0.0061	0	± 0.0041
Kochi, KOCHI	0. 73	1. 13	1. 4	0. 048	± 0.01	0. 042	± 0.0092	0. 0055	± 0.0042	0. 0039	± 0.003
Yasu-machi, FUKUOKA	0. 72	1. 14	1. 45	0. 011	± 0.0073	0. 01	± 0.0064	0. 0037	± 0.0062	0. 0026	± 0.0043

Location		Component		90	)Sr	1	37Cs
	<b>A</b> sh (%)	Ca(g/kg)	K(g/kg)	(Bq/kgwet)	(Bq/g Ca)	(Bq/kgwet)	(Bq/g K)
Kajiki-machi, KAGOSHIMA	0. 75	1. 17	1.58	0.019 ± 0.0068	0.016 ± 0.0058	0.012 ± 0.0063	0.0077 ± 0.004

# (3)-3 Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Milk (consuming districts) (form Oct. 1999 to Mar. 2000 )

Table (3)-3 : Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Milk(consuming districts)

Location		Component			90	)Sr			13	37Cs	
	Ash (%)	Ca (g/kg)	K(g/kg)	(1	3q/kgwet)	(Bo	q/g Ca)	(Bq,	/kgwet)	(Bq/g	; K)
Oct, 1999											
Kyoto, KYOTO	0. 71	1. 11	1. 41	0. 034	± 0.0079	0. 03	± 0.0071	0. 012	± 0.0058	0.0082	± 0.0041
Dec, 1999											
Akita, AKITA	0. 69	1. 1	1. 36	0. 023	± 0.0077	0. 021	± 0.007	0. 019	± 0.0064	0. 014	± 0.0047
Shingu, WAKAYAMA	0. 65	0. 99	1. 32	0. 033	± 0.0075	0. 033	± 0.0076	0.0034	± 0.0035	0.0026	± 0.0026
Jan, 2000											
Nagano, NAGANO	0. 7	1.09	1. 47	0.019	± 0.0066	0. 017	± 0.0061	0. 0061	± 0.0045	0. 0042	± 0.0031
Osaka, OSAKA	0. 69	1.06	1. <b>4</b>	0. 019	± 0.0068	0.018	± 0.0064	0. 0074	± 0.0057	0. 0053	± 0.0041
Feb, 2000											
Sapporo, HOKKAIDO	0. 71	1. 14	1. <b>42</b>	0. 032	± 0.0088	0. 028	± 0.0078	0. 036	± 0.0064	0. 025	± 0.0045
Yamagata, YAMAGATA	0. 7	1. 07	1. <b>4</b> 7	0. 024	± 0.007	0. 022	± 0.0065	0. 012	± 0.0069	0. 0085	± 0.0047
Fukushima, FUKUSHIMA	0. 74	1. 15	1. 45	0. 0039	± 0.0059	0. 0034	± 0.0052	0. 015	± 0.005	0. 01	± 0.0035
Urawa, SAITAMA	0. 74	1. 13	1. 48	0. 023	± 0.0073	0. 02	± 0.0065	0. 018	± 0.0063	0.012	± 0.0042
Shinjuku, TOKYO	0. 73	1. 24	1. 56	0. 019	± 0.0069	0. 015	± 0.0055	0. 014	± 0.0072	0. 009	± 0.0046
Yokohama, KANAGAWA	0. 74	1. 12	1. <b>43</b>	0.012	± 0.0071	0. 011	± 0.0063	0. 016	± 0.0052	0. 011	± 0.0036
Niigata, NIIGATA	0. 74	1. 14	1. 46	0. 03	± 0.0074	0. 026	± 0.0064	0.0063	± 0.004	0.0043	± 0.0027
Shizuoka, SHIZUOKA	0. 7	1. 08	1. <b>43</b>	0. 028	± 0.008	0. 026	± 0.0074	0.017	± 0.0052	0. 012	± 0.0036
Nagoya, AICHI	0. 7	1. 08	1.44	0. 024	± 0.0082	0. 022	± 0.0075	0.0054	± 0.0043	0.0038	± 0.003
Yonago, TOTTORI	0. 72	1. 14	1. 45	0. 018	± 0.0063	0. 015	± 0.0055	0. 017	± 0.0051	0. 012	± 0.0035
Matsue, SHIMANE	0. 74	1. 14	1. 45	0. 023	± 0.0076	0. 02	± 0.0066	0.008	± 0.0042	0. 0055	± 0.0029
Okayama, OKAYAMA	0. 73	1. 12	1. 51	0. 011	± 0.0061	0. 01	± 0.0054	0. 0097	± 0.0044	0. 0064	± 0.003
Hiroshima, HIROSHIMA	0. 72	1. 12	1. 52	0. 03	± 0.0082	0. 027	± 0.0073	0.014	± 0.0072	0.0094	± 0.0047

Location		Component			90	Sr			1:	37Cs	A Maria
	Ash (%)	Ca (g/kg)	K(g/kg)	(	(Bq/kgwet)	(B	q/g Ca)	(Bq	/kgwet)	(Bq/g	; K)
Yamaguchi, YAMAGUCHI	0. 71	1. 12	1. 45	0. 028	± 0.0078	0. 025	± 0.0069	0. 0026	± 0.0055	0. 0018	± 0.0038
kawauchi-machi, EHIME	0. 71	1. 13	1. <b>42</b>	0. 013	± 0.007	0. 011	± 0.0062	0.0091	± 0.0058	0.0064	± 0.0041
Kochi, KOCHI	0. 74	1. 15	1. 54	0. 02	± 0.0074	0. 017	± 0.0065	0. 015	± 0.0067	0.0099	± 0.0043
Chikushino, FUKUOKA	0. 72	1. 13	1. 41	0. 015	± 0.008	0. 013	± 0.0071	0. 022	± 0.0075	0. 015	± 0.0053
Nagasaki, NAGASAKI	0. 7	1. 1	1. 33	0. 027	± 0.0088	0. 025	± 0.008	0. 018	± 0.0054	0. 013	± 0.004
Kagoshima, KAGOSHIMA	0. 74	1. 14	1. 56	0. 013	± 0.0071	0. 012	± 0.0062	0. 021	± 0.0073	0. 013	$\pm 0.0047$
Yonagusuku-machi, OKINAWA Mar, 2000	A 0. 72	1. 13	1. 42	0. 022	± 0.0075	0. 02	± 0.0066	0. 0053	± 0.0041	0. 0037	± 0.0029
Fukui, FUKUI	0. 73	1. 14	1. 44	0.017	± 0.007	0. 015	± 0.0061	0.015	± 0.0052	0. 011	± 0.0036
Nagano, NAGANO	0. 66	0. 95	1. 26	0. 025	± 0.008	0. 026	± 0.0083	0.0051	± 0.0039	0. 004	± 0.0031

# (3)-4 Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Milk(powdered milk) (form Oct. 1999 to Mar. 2000 )

-continued from No. 131 for this publication-

Table (3)-4 : Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Milk (powdered milk)

Location		Component	AND THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA			908	Sr	AND 10 (AND 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10				7Cs		
	(%)	(g∕kg)	(g∕kg)	(1	Bq∕k	(g)	(E	Sq∕g Ca)	(E	Bq∕Kg)			1/g	
Jan, 2000	-													
Sample C,サンプルC	7. 74	12. 5	15. 8	0. 57	±	0. 035	0.046	± 0.0028	1.3	± 0.0	4 (	0. 085	±	0. 0026
Sample A,サンプルA	7. 79	12. 1	16. 3	0. 29	<u>+</u>	0. 026	0.024	± 0.0022	0. 24	± 0.0	18 (	0. 015	±	0. 0011
Sample B, サンプルB	2. 5	3. 48	5. 85	0. 027	±	0.0073	0.0078	± 0.0021	0. 039	± 0.0	064 (	0. 0067	±	0. 0011
Sample D,サンプルロ	2. 41	3. 88	5. 06	0. 025	±	0.0071	0.0064	± 0.0018	0. 028	± 0.0	058 (	0. 0056	±	0. 0011
Sample F, サンプルF	2. 34	3. 35	5. 27	0. 04	±	0.0085	0.012	± 0.0026	0. 14	± 0.0	11 (	0. 026	±	0. 0021
Sample E,サンプルE	2. 49	4. 21	5. 25	0. 094	±	0.013	0. 022	± 0.0032	0. 14	± 0.0	11 (	0. 026	±	0. 0021

# (4)-1 Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Vegetables (producing districts) (form Oct. 1999 to Mar. 2000 )

Table (4)-1: Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Vegetables (producing districts)

Location		Component				908	Sr					1	37Cs		***************************************
	Ash (%)	(g/kg)	(g/kg)	(Bq,	/kgw	ret)	(E	Bq/g	(Ca)	(Во	/kg	wet)	(Bq/	/kgK	)
Oct, 1999															
Tamayama-mura, IWATE	0. 608	0. 289	2. 47	0. 093	±	0. 014	0. 32	±	0. 047	0. 014	±	0. 0058	0. 0057	±	0. 0023
Saku, NAGANO	0. 58	0. 249	2. 01	0. 075	<b>±</b>	0. 012	0. 3	±	0. 048	0. 0032	±	0. 0065	0.0016	±	0. 0032
Takamatsu, KAGAWA	0. 732	0. 178	3. 39	0. 017	±	0. 0083	0. 096	±	0. 047	0	±	0. 0039	0	±	0. 0012
Mutsu, AOMORI	0. 536	0. 36	2. 1	0. 23	±	0. 019	0. 63	±	0. 053	0. 037	<b>±</b>	0. 008	0. 018	<b>±</b>	0. 0038
Tamayama-mura, IWATE	0. 574	0. 432	2. 17	0. 14	±	0. 015	0. 34	±	0. 034	0. 033	土	0. 0071	0. 015	<b>±</b>	0. 0033
Toyama, TOYAMA	1. 34	0. 756	4. 53	0. 22	±	0. 018	0. 29	±	0. 024	0.0058	<u>±</u>	0. 0065	0.0013	±	0.0014
Saku, NAGANO	1.9	0. 604	8. 26	0. 059	±	0.011	0. 097	±	0. 019	0. 0081	±	0.0066	0. 00098	3 ±	0.0008
Takamatsu, KAGAWA	1. 61	0. 544	6. 63	0. 013	±	0.0071	0. 025	±	0. 013	0. 0023	±	0.006	0. 00035	ž ±	0.0009
Nov, 1999															
Sannohe-machi, AOMORI	0. 521	0. 211	2. 09	0. 12	±	0. 016	0. 59	±	0. 074	0. 0017	±	0. 0063	0. 0008	±	0. 003
Fukushima, <b>FUKUSHIMA</b>	0. 583	0. 277	2. 08	0. 049	±	0. 0087	0. 18	±	0. 031	0. 0026	±	0. 0048	0.0013	<u>±</u>	0. 0023
Mito, IBARAKI	0. 562	0. 265	2. 21	0. 071	±	0. 011	0. 27	±	0. 041	0	±	0. 0053	0	±	0. 0024
Maebashi, GUNMA	0. 483	0. 265	1. 76	0. 031	±	0. 0077	0. 12	±	0. 029	0. 017	±	0. 0048	0. 0099	±	0. 0027
Chiba, CHIBA	0. 561	0. 342	2. 27	0. 22	±	0. 017	0. 65	±	0. 051	0. 013	±	0. 0058	0. 0056	$\pm$	0.0026
Kosugi-machi, TOYAMA	0. 375	0. 175	1. 21	0. 013	±	0.0068	0. 076	±	0. 039	0	±	0. 0059	0	<u>+</u>	0. 0049
Fukui, F <b>UKU</b> I	0. 481	0. 202	1.89	0. 056	±	0. 0097	0. 28	±	0. 048	0. 0057	±	0. 0052	0.003	±	0. 0027
Gifu, GIFU	0. 601	0. 136	1. 06	0. 024	±	0. 008	0. 18	±	0. 059	0. 023	±	0. 0056	0.022	±	0.0053
Hamamatsu, SHIZUOKA	0. 596	0. 159	2. 51	0. 031	<u>+</u>	0.0086	0. 2	±	0. 054	0.0033	±	0.0054	0.0013	±	0.0022
Gotenba, SHIZUOKA	0. 565	0. 312	2. 19	0. 12	±	0. 017	0. 39	±	0. 054	0. 042	±	0.0084	0.019	±	0.0038
Meiwa-machi, MIE	0. 725	0. 229	3. 16	0. 046	±	0.0095	0. 2	<u>±</u>	0. 041	0. 0053	±	0. 0051	0.0017	±	0.0016
Adogawa-machi, SHIGA	0. 465	0. 162	1. 81	0. 15	±	0. 015	0. 9	±	0. 095	0	±	0.0046	0	±	0. 0026
Kashihara, NARA	0. 589	0. 229	2. 44	0. 028	±	0. 0084	0. 12	±	0. 037	0	±	0.0036	0	±	0. 0015

Location		Component				90	Sr					137Cs		
	Ash (%)	(g/kg)	(g/kg)	(Bq	/kgw	et)	(1	3q/gCa)	(Вс	ı/kg	wet)	(Bq/	kgK	)
Hiroshima, HIROSHIMA	0. 484	0. 16	1. 94	0. 005	<b>±</b>	0. 0052	0. 031	± 0.033	0. 0012	±	0. 0039	0. 0006	±	0. 002
Shime-machi, FUKU0KA	0. 49	0. 232	2. 01	0. 017	<b>±</b>	0.0069	0. 073	± 0.03	0.0048	±	0.0041	0.0024	±	0.0021
Sannohe-machi, AOMORI	0. 527	0. 272	2. 14	0. 002	±	0.0053	0. 007	± 0.02	0	±	0. 005	0	±	0.0023
Fukushima, FUKUSHIMA	1. 93	0. 95	7. 53	0.11	土	0. 013	0. 12	± 0.014	0.0093	±	0.0062	0. 0012	±	0.00083
Mito, IBARAKI	1.39	0. 875	5. 47	0. 11	±	0.014	0. 12	± 0.016	0. 022	±	0.0072	0.004	±	0.0013
Maebashi, GUNMA	1.8	0. 597	7. 56	0. 039	±	0.0085	0.066	± 0.014	0. 036	±	0.0065	0.0048	±	0.00085
Chiba, CHIBA	1. 58	0. 911	6. 22	0. 038	±	0. 0091	0. 042	± 0.01	0.0084	±	0.0067	0.0014	<b>±</b>	0.0011
Fuku i , FUKU I	2. 28	0. 654	9. 26	0. 024	±	0.008	0. 036	± 0.012	0.0089	±	0.0065	0. 00096	±	0.0007
Gifu, GIFU	1. 9	0. 431	7. 01	0. 044	±	0. 0087	0. 1	± 0.02	0.012	±	0.0049	0. 0017	±	0.00071
Gotenba, SHIZUOKA	1. 63	0. 929	5. 93	0. 2	±	0. 018	0. 21	± 0.02	0. 2	±	0.014	0. 034	±	0. 0024
Kusu-machi, MIE	1. 62	1.06	5. 54	0. 029	±	0.009	0. 027	± 0.0085	0.013	±	0. 0061	0. 0024	±	0.0011
Kashihara, NARA	1. 44	0. 477	5. 87	0. 027	±	0.0084	0. 057	± 0.018	0	±	0.0033	0	±	0.00056
Kurayoshi, TOTTORI	1. 48	0. 612	6. 37	0. 062	±	0. 011	0. 1	± 0.018	0.014	±	0.0066	0. 0022	±	0.001
Hiroshima, H <b>IROSHIMA</b>	1. 69	0. 47	6. 87	0. 033	±	0.0089	0. 07	± 0.019	0	±	0.0036	0	±	0.00053
Matsuyama, EHIME	1. 59	0. 508	6. 94	0.019	±	0.0078	0. 037	± 0.015	0	±	0. 0051	0	±	0.00074
Shime-machi, FUKUOKA	1. 72	1. 15	6. 66	0. 027	±	0.0075	0. 024	± 0.0065	0.017	±	0. 005	0.0026	±	0.00075
Matsumoto-machi, KAGOSHIM	A 1.49	0. 939	2. 61	0. 1	<b>±</b>	0. 013	0. 11	± 0.014	0. 31	±	0. 018	0. 12	±	0. 007
Dec, 1999														
Utsunomiya, TOCHIGI	0. 392	0. 205	1. 48	0. 09	±	0. 012	0. 44	± 0.06	0. 005	±	0. 0038	0.0034	±	0. 0025
Takane-machi, YAMANASHI	0. 508	0. 237	2. 19	0. 092	±	0. 013	0. 39	± 0.053	0	±	0. 0052	0	±	0. 0024
Kasai, HYOGO	0. 485	0. 167	2. 04	0. 047	±	0.0096	0. 28	± 0.057	0. 007	±	0. 0044	0.0034	±	0. 0022
Kokufu-machi, TOTTORI	0. 487	0. 252	2. 16	0. 23	±	0. 019	0. 9	± 0.076	0	±	0. 0052	0	±	0. 0024
Kubokawa-machi, KOCHI	0. 481	0. 172	1. 95	0. 039	±	0. 0081	0. 23	± 0.047	0. 013	±	0.006	0.0067	±	0. 0031
Takanabe-machi, MIYAZAKI	0. 55	0. 181	2. 46	0. 13	±	0. 014	0. 69	± 0.076	0. 0032	±	0. 0051	0.0013	±	0. 0021
Kaimon-machi, KAGOSHIMA	0. 553	0. 264	1. 74	0. 031	±	0.0083	0. 12	± 0.032	0.019	±	0. 0065	0. 011	±	0.0038
Utsunomiya, TOCHIGI	0. 575	0. 443	2. 21	0. 19	±	0. 017	0. 44	± 0.038	0. 016	±	0. 0049	0.0074	±	0.0022
Takane-machi, YAMANASHI	2. 02	0. 6	8. 99	0. 036	<b>±</b>	0. 0092	0. 06	± 0.015	0.0023	±	0. 0065	0. 00026	±	0. 00072
Azuchi-machi, SHIGA	1. 69	0. 448	6. 95	0. 048	±	0. 01	0. 11	± 0.023	0. 0033	±	0. 0064	0. 00047	<b>±</b>	0.00093

Location		Component				908	Sr				1	37Cs		
	Ash (%)	(g/kg)	(g/kg)	(Bq/	/kgw	et)	(I	Bq/gCa)	(Bo	∣/kg	wet)	(Bq/	kgK	)
Kasai, HYOGO	1. 51	0. 764	6. 05	0. 048	±	0. 0093	0. 063	± 0.012	0	<b>±</b>	0. 0037	0	±	0. 0006
Kubokawa-machi, KOCHI	1. 88	0. 854	6. 97	0. 043	<b>±</b>	0.0098	0. 051	± 0.011	0. 02	±	0.0069	0.0029	±	0.00099
Usa, OITA	2. 09	0. 433	8. 05	0. 041	±	0.009	0. 094	± 0.021	0.0036	±	0.0059	0.00044	±	0.00074
Jan, 2000														
Yuya-machi, YAMAGUCHI	0. 513	0. 174	1. 73	0. 062	±	0.012	0. 35	± 0.067	0.016	±	0. 007	0.0091	±	0. 004
Ishii-machi, TOKUSHIMA	0. 54	0. 249	1. 89	0.014	±	0.0065	0. 055	± 0.026	0	$\pm$	0.0046	0	±	0. 0024
Kumatori-machi, OSAKA	0. 631	0. 251	2. 42	0. 0092	<u>+</u>	0.0071	0. 036	± 0.028	0.019	<u>+</u>	0. 0071	0. 0079	±	0. 0029
Yuya-machi, YAMAGUCHI	1. 56	0. 525	5. 23	0. 11	±	0. 013	0. 2	± 0.025	0. 022	±	0.0069	0.0042	±	0. 0013
Ishii-machi, TOKUSHIMA	1. 72	0. 654	6. 71	0. 055	<u>+</u>	0. 01	0. 084	± 0.016	0.0009	±	0.0062	0.00014	<b>±</b>	0.00093
Feb, 2000														
Nachikatsuura-machi,WAK	AYAMAO. 423	0. 231	1. 61	0. 045	±	0.0095	0. 2	± 0.041	0.0012	±	0.0053	0.0007	<u>±</u>	0.0033
Usa, OITA	0. 735	0. 197	3. 16	0. 046	±	0. 01	0. 23	± 0.051	0	±	0.0053	0	±	0.0017
Nachikatsuura-machi,WAK	AYAMA 0. 635	0. 39	2. 52	0. 0071	±	0. 0057	0.018	± 0.015	0.0019	<b>±</b>	0.0053	0. 0007	±	0.0021
Mar, 2000														
Kanzaki-machi, SAGA	0. 632	0. 53	2. 34	0. 12	±	0. 014	0. 22	± 0.026	0. 0065	±	0.0057	0.0028	$\pm$	0.0024
Kanzaki-machi, SAGA	1. 32	0. 281	5. 66	0. 065	±	0. 011	0. 23	± 0.039	0	±	0. 0058	0	±	0. 001

# (4)-2 Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Vegetables (consuming districts) (form Oct. 1999 to Mar. 2000 )

Table (4)-2: Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Vegetables (consuming districts)

Location		Component				90	Sr				1	137Cs		
	Ash (%)	(g/kg)	(g/kg)	(B	q/kg	(wet)		(Bq/gCa)	(E	3q/k	gwet)	(Во	η∕kg	K)
Oct, 1999														
Akita, AKITA	0. 489	0. 187	2. 17	0. 026	±	0. 0088	0. 14	± 0.047	0. 0035	±	0. 004	0.0016	±	0.0018
Yamagata, YAMAGATA	0. 428	0. 147	1. 72	0. 051	±	0.0096	0. 35	± 0.065	0. 0059	±	0. 0059	0. 0035	±	0. 0035
Kyoto, KYOTO	0. 476	0. 144	2. 02	0. 027	<b>±</b>	0.0082	0. 19	± 0.057	0. 044	<u>+</u>	0. 0078	0. 022	±	0.0039
Akita, AKITA	0. 48	0. 425	1. 76	0. 037	$\pm$	0.0095	0. 087	± 0.022	0	±	0.0037	0	±	0.0021
Yamagata, YAMAGATA	1. 92	1. 47	6. 34	0. 13	±	0.014	0.091	± 0.0096	0.012	<u>±</u>	0. 007	0.0019	±	0.0011
Kyoto, KYOTO	1. 92	0. 718	6. 86	0. 013	±	0.0073	0.018	± 0.01	0.005	±	0. 0061	0. 00072	<u>±</u>	0.00089
Nov, 1999														
Shinjuku, TOKYO	0. 659	0. 279	2. 68	0. 036	±	0.0092	0. 13	± 0.033	0	±	0. 0053	0	±	0. 002
Osaka, OSAKA	0. 358	0. 33	1. 07	0. 46	±	0. 026	1.4	± 0.08	0. 057	±	0. 0081	0. 053	±	0. 0076
Okayama, OKAYAMA	0. 484	0. 172	2. 45	0. 029	±	0.0076	0. 17	± 0.044	0. 0015	±	0. 0034	0.0006	±	0.0014
Shinjuku, TOKYO	1. 81	0. 71	7. 49	0. 016	±	0. 008	0. 022	± 0.011	0.013	±	0. 0071	0.0017	$\pm$	0.00095
Osaka, OSAKA	1. 49	0. 529	5. 75	0. 027	±	0.0074	0.052	± 0.014	0. 0055	±	0.0069	0.001	±	0.0012
Okayama, OKAYAMA	1. 74	0. 376	7. 11	0. 025	±	0.0082	0.068	± 0.022	0.0074	<u>+</u>	0. 0043	0.001	±	0.0006
Matsuyama, EHIME	1. 71	0. 637	7. 49	0. 052	±	0. 01	0.082	± 0.016	0	±	0.0065	0	±	0.00087
Yonagusuku-machi, OKINAWA	1. 27	0. 474	5	0. 015	±	0.0063	0. 031	± 0.013	0. 0017	±	0. 0054	0.0003	±	0.0011
Dec, 1999														
Yonagusuku-machi, OKINAWA	0. 759	0. 269	2. 91	0. 037	±	0. 0081	0.14	± 0.03	0. 0079	±	0.0056	0. 0027	±	0.0019
Jan, 2000														
Yokohama, KANAGAWA	0. 42	0. 277	1. 43	0. 0085	±	0. 007	0. 031	± 0.025	0. 0004	±	0. 0062	0.0003	±	0. 0043
Nagasaki, NAGASAKI	0. 324	0. 194	1. 15	0. 026	±	0. 0061	0. 13	± 0.032	0. 01	±	0. 0037	0. 0091	±	0. 0032
Yokohama, KANAGAWA	1. 35	0. 435	4. 76	0. 02	±	0. 0077	0. 046	± 0.018	0.006	±	0. 0059	0. 0013	±	0.0012
Nagasaki, NAGASAKI	1. 75	0. 471	6. 6	0. 021	±	0.007	0. 045	± 0.015	0. 011	±	0.0064	0.0016	±	0.00097

(5) Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Sea Fish (form Oct. 1999 to Mar. 2000 )

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Table (5) : Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Sea Fish

Location		Component			908	Sr			1	37Cs	
	(%)	(g/kgwet)	(g/kgwet)	(Bq/	kgwet)	(Во	<sub>l</sub> /gCa)	(Во	/kgwet)	(Bq/	gK)
(Branchiostegus sp) Nov, 1999 Nagasaki, NAGASAKI	1. 07	0. 593	2. 91	0. 0027	± 0.0054	0. 0046	± 0.009	0. 096	± 0.0095	0. 033	± 0.0033
(Chelidonichthys spinosus) Feb, 2000 Odawara, KANAGAWA	1. 5	0. 23	4. 71	0. 0065	± 0.0062	0. 028	± 0.027	0. 13	± 0.012	0. 028	± 0.0025
(Hexagrammos otakii) Nov,1999 Soma,FUKUSHIMA	1. 4	0. 681	3. 96	0	± 0.0052	0	± 0.0077	0. 14	± 0.011	0. 035	± 0.0028
(Limanda herzensteini) Nov,1999											
Mutsu, AOMORI	1. 25	0. 419	3. 5	0	± 0.005	0	± 0.012	0. 12	± 0.01	0. 034	± 0.003
Niigata, NIIGATA	1. 61	1. 23	3. 94	0. 019	± 0.0067	0. 015	± 0.0054	0. 076	± 0.0088	0. 019	± 0.0022
Mikuni-machi, FUKUI	1. 05	0. 616	3. 02	0	± 0.0048	0	± 0.0078	0. 1	± 0.01	0. 034	± 0.0032
Aji-machi, KAGAWA	2. 96	6. 42	2. 9	0. 013	± 0.0056	0. 002	± 0.00088	0. 061	± 0.0081	0. 021	± 0.0028
Feb, 2000 Otake, HIROSHIMA (Mugil cephalus)	2. 9	6. 11	3. 23	0. 014	± 0.0059	0. 0023	± 0.00096	0. 062	± 0.009	0. 019	± 0.0028

(Mugil cephalus)

Dec, 1999

Location		Component			908	Sr			1	37Cs	
	(%)	(g/kgwet)	(g/kgwet)	(Bq/	kgwet)	(Вс	q/gCa)	(Bo	<sub>l</sub> /kgwet)	(Bq/	′gK)
Ushimado-machi, OKAYAMA	1. 41	0. 584	4. 12	0.0086	± 0.0056	0. 015	± 0.0096	0. 08	± 0.009	0. 02	± 0.0022
(Pterocaesio diagramma) Nov.1999											
Yonagusuku-machi, OKINAWA	4. 18	10. 4	3. 47	0. 011	± 0.0064	0. 0011	± 0.00061	0. 11	± 0.01	0. 032	± 0.003
(Sardinops melanostictus) Feb, 2000											
Nagano, NAGANO	2. 5	3. 76	2. 44	0	± 0.0048	0	± 0.0013	0. 068	± 0.0095	0. 028	± 0.0039
(Scomber australasicus) Feb, 2000											
Chikura-machi, CHIBA	1. 36	0. 253	3. 9	0	± 0.0055	0	± 0.022	0. 15	± 0.011	0. 039	± 0.0029
(Scomber japonicus) Jan, 2000											
Oki-abjacent seas, TOTTOR	1.09	0. 23	2. 86	0	± 0.0044	0	± 0.019	0. 087	± 0.0091	0. 031	± 0.0032
(Scomber sp) Nov, 1999											
Kyoto, KYOTO	1. 17	0. 196	2. 69	0. 005	± 0.0079	0. 026	± 0.04	0. 11	± 0.011	0. 04	± 0.0042
Osaka, OSAKA	1. 17	0. 122	3. 01	0. 0024	± 0.0065	0. 019	± 0.054	0. 11	± 0.01	0. 038	± 0.0033
(Sebastes inermis) Mar, 2000											
Yamaguchi-bay, YAMAGUCH	4. 81	13. 8	2. 86	0. 015	± 0.0067	0.0011	± 0.00049	0. 13	± 0.013	0. 044	± 0.0046
(Spratelloides gracilis) Nov,1999											
Akune, KAGOSHIMA	2. 88	6	2. 83	0. 0054	± 0.0048	0. 0009	± 0.00079	0. 13	± 0.011	0. 046	± 0.0039
(Trachurus sp)											

Location	Component		90Sr				137Cs				
	(%)	(g/kgwet)	(g/kgwet)	(Bq/	kgwet)		q/gCa)	(B	q/kgwet)	(Bq/	gK)
Nov, 1999							The second second second second second second				
Miyake-mura, TOKYO	1. 45	1. 65	2. 8	0. 0085	± 0.0057	0. 0051	± 0.0035	0. 13	± 0.012	0. 047	± 0.0043
Shizuoka, SHIZUOKA	3. 19	7. 58	3. 04	0. 015	± 0.0059	0. 002	± 0.00077	0. 13	± 0.012	0. 043	± 0.0041
Feb, 2000											
Shingu, WAKAYAMA	1. 81	1. 53	3. 28	0	± 0.0052	0	± 0.0034	0. 13	± 0.011	0. 041	± 0.0034

#### Sea Fish

Japanese name	English name	Scientific name
Ainame	Fat greenling	Hexagrammos otakii
Aji	Horse mackerel	Trachurus sp
Amadai	Tilefish	Branchiostegus sp
Bora	Gray mullet	Mugil cephalus
Gomasaba	Spotted chub mackerel	Scomber australasicus
Hobo	Bluefin searobin	Chelidonichthys spinosus
Kibinago	Blue sprat	Spratelloides gracilis
Magarei	Brown sole	Limanda herzensteini
Maiwashi	Japanese pilchard	Sardinops melanostictus
Masaba	Pacific mackerel	Scomber japonicus
Mebaru	Black rockfish	Sebastes inermis
Saba	Mackerel	Scomber sp
Takasago	Golden banded fusilier	Pterocaesio diagramma

(6) Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Freshwater Fish (form Oct. 1999 to Mar. 2000 )

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Table (6) : Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Freshwater Fish

Location		Component				90	Sr					1	137Cs	-	
	(%)	(g∕kgwet)	(g/kgwet)	(Bq	ı∕k	gwet)		(Bq/	/gCa)	(E	3q∕	kgwet)	(Bo	1/8	;K)
(Carassius auratus)															IMP
Nov, 1999 Niigata, NIIGATA	1. 2	0. 798	3. 3	0. 06	±	0. 011	0. 075	±	0. 013	0. 15	±	0. 011	0. 046	±	0. 0035
Dec, 1999 Mikata-machi, FUKUI	1. 59	2. 51	2. 86	0. 23	±	0. 018	0. 092	±	0. 0072	0. 16	±	0. 013	0. 055	±	0. 0045
Uji, KYOTO	3. 75	10. 9	2. 38	0. 39	±	0. 027	0. 035	±	0. 0025	0. 0083	±	0. 0067	0. 0035	±	0. 0028
(Cyprinus carpio)															
Oct, 1999 Shobara, HIROSHIMA	0. 96	0. 193	3. 14	0. 0078	±	0. 0053	0. 041	±	0. 028	0. 11	±	0. 01	0. 034	±	0. 0032
(Hypomesus nipponensis															
Dec, 1999 Suwa-Take, NAGANO	3. 04	7. 6	2. 74	0. 11	±	0. 014	0. 015	±	0. 0018	0. 11	±	0. 011	0. 039	±	0. 004
(Salmo gairdneri)															
Oct, 1999 Kumagaya, SATTAMA	1. 21	0. 156	4. 05	0. 0052	±	0. 0057	0. 033	±	0. 036	0. 12	±	0. 011	0. 03	±	0. 0026

#### Freshwater Fish

Japanese name	English name	Scientific name
Funa	Crucian carp	Carassius auratus
Koi	Carp	Cyprinus carpio
Nijimasu	Rainbow trout	Salmo gairdneri
Wakasagi	Japanese smelt	Hypomesus nipponensis

(7) Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Shellfish (form Oct. 1999 to Mar. 2000 )

-continued from No. 131 for this publication-

Table (7) : Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Shellfish

Location		Component	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		90Sı				1	37Cs	
•	(%)	(g/kgwet)	(g/kgwet)	(	Bq/kgwet)		(Bq/gCa)	(Bq	/kgwet)	(Bq/	gK)
(Patinopecten yessoensis) Nov. 1999	<b>.</b>									ANN a shaddown a common an <del>apagaga</del> ndaka ka	
Mutsu-bay, AOMORI	1. 99	0. 33	2. 64	0	± 0.0045	0	± 0.014	0. 023	± 0.0055	0. 0086	± 0.0021
Feb, 2000 Yamada-machi, IWATE	2. 43	0. 306	3. 4	0	± 0.0052	0	± 0.017	0. 035	± 0.0079	0. 01	± 0.0023

#### Shellfish

Japanese name	English name	Scientific name
Hotategai	Yesso scallop	Patinopecten vessoensis

(8) Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Seaweeds (form Oct. 1999 to Mar. 2000 )

-continued from No. 131 for this publication-

Table (8) : Strontium-90 and Cesium-137 in Seaweeds

Location	Location Component		90Sr	•	137Cs			
	(%)	(g/kgwet)	(g/kgwet)	(Bq/kgwet)	(Bq/gCa)	(Bq/kgwet)	(Bq/gK)	
(Undaria pinnatifida)					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Feb, 2000								
Minamichita-machi, AICHI	3. 14	0. 689	9. 07	$0.022 \pm 0.0088$	$0.032 \pm 0.013$	$0.028 \pm 0.0073$	$0.003 \pm 0.00081$	
Toba, MIE	1. 83	0. 705	4. 9	$0.03 \pm 0.01$	0. 042 ± 0. 014	$0.025 \pm 0.0073$	$0.0052 \pm 0.0015$	
Hiroshima, HIROSHIMA	1. 75	0. 522	5. 29	$0.045 \pm 0.0095$	0. 086 ± 0. 018	$0.012 \pm 0.0058$	$0.0022 \pm 0.0011$	
Shimabara, NAGASAKI	1. 99	0. 604	6. 78	$0.013 \pm 0.0087$	0. 022 ± 0. 014	0.036 ± 0.0081	$0.0053 \pm 0.0012$	

#### Seaweeds

	**	the state of the s	
Japanese name	·	English name	Scientific name
Wakame			
wakame		Wakame seaweed	Undaria pinnatifida

### \*\*Sampling Locations in Japan\*\*

